# Surface-mounting, 3-GHz-Band, Miniature, SPDT, High-frequency Relay 

- Superior high-frequency characteristics, such as an isolation of 30 dB min., insertion loss of 0.5 dB max., and V.SWR of 1.5 max . at 2.6 GHz .
- Surface-mounting terminals and superior high frequency characteristics combined using semi triplate strip transmission lines.
- Miniature dimensions of $20 \times 8.6 \times 8.9 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H})$.
- Choose from a lineup that includes single-winding latching models ( 200 mW ), double-winding latching models ( 360 mW ),
 and models with a reverse contact arrangement.
- Series includes models with an E-shape terminal structure (same as existing models), and models with a Y-shape terminal structure, allowing greater freedom with PCB design.
- Models with $75-\Omega$ impedance and models with $50-\Omega$ impedance are available.


## RoHS Compliant

## Model Number Legend

## G6Z $\square=\frac{\square}{1} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4}-\frac{\square}{5} \frac{\square}{6}$

1. Relay Function

None: Single-side stable
$\mathrm{U}: \quad$ Single-winding latching
K: Double-winding latching
2. Contact Form

1: SPDT (1c)
3. Terminal Shape

F: Surface-mounting terminals
$P$ : PCB terminals
4. Terminal arrangement

None: Y -shape terminal structure
E: E-shape terminal structure
5. Characteristic Impedance

None: $75 \Omega$
A: $\quad 50 \Omega$
6. Contact Arrangement

None: Standard contact arrangement
R: Reverse contact arrangement

## Application Examples

These Relays can be used for switching signals in media equipment.

- Wire communications: Cable TV (STB and broadcasting infrastructure), cable modems, and VRS (video response systems)
- Wireless communications:Transceivers, ham radios, car telephones, ETC, ITS, high-level TV, satellite broadcasting, text multiplex broadcasting, pay TV, mobile phone stations, TV broadcasting facilities, and community antenna systems TVs, TV games, satellite radio units, car navigation systems Measuring equipment, test equipment, and multiplex transmission devices


## Ordering Information

eStandard Models with PCB Terminals

| Relay Function | Enclosure rating | Contact form | Terminal arrangement | Characteristic impedance | Model | Rated coil voltage | Minmum packing unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singleside stable | Fully sealed | SPDT <br> (1c) | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6Z-1PE | 3, 4.5, 5, 9, 12, 24 VDC | 25 pcs/tube |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6Z-1PE-A | 3, 4.5, 5, 9, 12, 24 VDC |  |
|  |  |  | Y-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6Z-1P | 3, 4.5, 5, 9, 12, 24 VDC |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6Z-1P-A | $3,4.5,5,9,12,24 \mathrm{VDC}$ |  |
| Singlewinding latching |  |  | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1PE | 3, 4.5, 5, 9, 12, 24 VDC |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1PE-A |  |  |
|  |  |  | Y-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1P |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1P-A |  |  |
| Doublewinding latching |  |  | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1PE | 3, 4.5, 5, 9, 12, 24 VDC |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1PE-A |  |  |
|  |  |  | Y-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1P |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1P-A |  |  |

[^0]
## -Standard Models with Surface-mounting Terminals

| Relay Function | Enclosure rating | Contact form | Terminal arrangement | Characteristic impedance | Model | Rated coil voltage | Minmum packing unit | Minimum <br> ordering unit <br> (Tape packing) <br> (Tape packing) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Singleside stable | Fully sealed | SPDT <br> (1c) | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6Z-1FE | $3,4.5,5,9,12$ <br> and 24 VDC | 25 pcs/tube (300 pcs/ reel) | $300 \mathrm{pcs} / \mathrm{reel}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6Z-1FE-A |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $75 \Omega$ | G6Z-1F |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | -shape | $50 \Omega$ | G6Z-1F-A |  |  |  |
| Singlewinding latching |  |  | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1FE | $\begin{aligned} & 3,4.5,5,9,12 \\ & \text { and } 24 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | E-shape | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1FE-A |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Y-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1F |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZU-1F-A |  |  |  |
| Doublewinding latching |  |  | E-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1FE | $\begin{aligned} & 3,4.5,5,9,12 \\ & \text { and } 24 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1FE-A |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Y-shape | $75 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1F |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $50 \Omega$ | G6ZK-1F-A |  |  |  |

## Note 1. Please add the coil rated voltage (V) to the model number when ordering.

Example: G6Z-1PE DC3
In addition, the delivered product and its package will be marked with voltage specification as " $\square \square \mathrm{VDC}$ ".
Note 2. When ordering Relays in tape packing (surface mounting terminal models), add "-TR" to the end of the model number.
This specification, however, is not part of the relay model number, so it is not marked on the relay case. (If "-TR" is not added to the end of the model number, the Relays will be provided in tube packing.)
Note 3. Consult your OMRON representative for reverse contact models.

## Ratings

-Coil: Single-side Stable Models (G6E-2P(E), G6Z-1F(E))

| Raged voltage | Rated current | Coil resistance | Must operate voltage (V) | Must release voltage (V) | Maximum voltage <br> (V) | Power consumption (mW) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \% of rated voltage |  |  |  |
| 3 VDC | 66.7 | 45 | 75\% max. | 10\% min. | 150\% | Approx. 200 |
| 4.5 VDC | 44.4 | 101 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 VDC | 40.0 | 125 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 VDC | 22.2 | 405 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 VDC | 16.7 | 720 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 VDC | 8.3 | 2,880 |  |  |  |  |

-Coil: Single-winding Latching Models (G6ZU-1P(E), G6ZU-1F(E))

| Raged voltage | Rated current | Coil resistance | Must set voltage (V) | Must reset voltage (V) | Maximum voltage <br> (V) | Power consumption (mW) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \% of rated voltage |  |  |  |
| 3 VDC | 66.7 | 45 | 75\% max. | 75\% max. | 150\% | Approx. 200 |
| 4.5 VDC | 44.4 | 101 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 VDC | 40.0 | 125 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 VDC | 22.2 | 405 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 VDC | 16.7 | 720 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 VDC | 8.3 | 2,880 |  |  |  |  |

-Coil: Double-winding Latching Models (G6ZK-1P(E), G6ZK-1F(E))

| Raged voltage | Rated current | Coil resistance | Must set voltage (V) | Must reset voltage <br> (V) | Maximum voltage <br> (V) | Power consumption (mW) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \% of rated voltage |  |  |  |
| 3 VDC | 120 | 25 | 75\% max. | 75\% max. | 150\% | Approx. 360 |
| 4.5 VDC | 80 | 56 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 VDC | 72 | 69 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 VDC | 40 | 225 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 VDC | 30 | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 VDC | 15 | 1,600 |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. The rated current and coil resistance are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with a tolerance of $\pm 10 \%$.
Note 2. The operating characteristics are measured at a coil temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 3. The maximum voltage is the highest voltage that can be imposed on the Relay coil instantaneously.
Note 4. The voltage measurements for operate/release and set/reset are the values obtained for instantaneous changes in the voltage (rectangular wave).

## Contacts

| Item $\quad$ Load | Resistive load |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rated load | 10 mA at 30 VAC <br> 10 mA at 30 VDC <br> 10 W at 900 MHz * |
| Rated carry <br> current | 0.5 A |
| Max. switching <br> voltage | $30 \mathrm{VAC}, 30 \mathrm{VDC}$ |
| Max. switching <br> current | 0.5 A |

* This value is for an impedance of $50 \Omega$ or $75 \Omega$ with a V.SWR of 1.2 max.


## High-frequency Characteristics *1

| Frequency |  | 900MHz |  |  |  | 2.6GHz |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TH |  | SMD |  | TH |  | SMD |  |
|  |  | E-shape | Y-shape | E-shape | Y-shape | E-shape | Y-shape | E-shape | Y-shape |
| Isolation | $75 \Omega$ | 65 dB min. |  | 60dB min. |  | 35 dB | 45 dB | 30 dB | 40 dB <br> min. |
|  | $50 \Omega$ | 60 dB min |  |  |  | min. | min. | min. |  |
| Insertion loss (not including substrate loss) | $75 \Omega$ | 0.2 dB max. |  |  |  | 0.5 dB max. |  |  |  |
|  | $50 \Omega$ | 0.1 dB max |  |  |  | 0.3 dB m |  |  |  |
| V.SWR | $75 \Omega$ | 1.2 dB max |  |  |  | 1.5 dB max |  |  |  |
|  | $50 \Omega$ | 1.1 dB max. |  |  |  | 1.3 dB max |  |  |  |
| Return loss | $75 \Omega$ | 20.8 dB m |  |  |  | 14.0 dB m | min. |  |  |
|  | $50 \Omega$ | 26.4 dB m |  |  |  | 17.7 dB m | min. |  |  |
| Maximum carry power |  | 10W *2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note. The above values are initial values.
*1. Contact your OMRON representative if the Relay will be used in applications that require high repeatability with high-frequency characteristics in microload regions.
*2. These values are for an impedance of $50 \Omega$ or $75 \Omega$ with a V.SWR of 1.2 max

## Characteristics

| Relay Function |  | Single-side stable models | Single-winding latching models | Double-winding latching models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model |  | G6Z-1P(E), G6Z-1F(E) | G6ZU-1P(E), G6ZU-1F(E) | G6ZK-1P(E), G6ZK-1F(E) |
| Contact resistance *1 |  | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |  |  |
| Operating (set) time |  | 10 ms max . |  |  |
| Release (reset) time |  | 10 ms max . |  |  |
| Minimum set/reset pulse time |  | - | 12 ms |  |
| Insulation resistance *2 |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC ) |  |  |
| Dielectric strength | Between Coil and contacts | 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min |  |  |
|  | Between ground and coil/contacts | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min |  |  |
|  | Between Contacts of the same polarity | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min |  |  |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction | 10 to 55 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ single amplitude ( 1.5 mm double amplitude) |  |  |
|  | Malfunction | 10 to 55 to $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ single amplitude ( 1.5 mm double amplitude) |  |  |
| Shock resistance | Destruction | 1,000 m/s ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
|  | Malfunction | $500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |  |  |
| Durability | Mechanical | 1,000,000 operations min. (at 36,000 operations/hour) |  |  |
|  | Electrical | 300,000 operations min. ( $30 \mathrm{VAC}, 10 \mathrm{~mA} / 30 \mathrm{VDC}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ ), 100,000 operations min. ( $900 \mathrm{MHz}, 10 \mathrm{~W}$ ) at a switching frequency of 1,800 operations/hour |  |  |
| Ambient operating temperature |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |  |  |
| Ambient operating humidity |  | 5\% to 85\% RH |  |  |
| Weight |  | Approx. 2.8 g |  |  |

[^1]*1. The contact resistance was measured with 10 mA at 1 VDC with a voltage drop method.
*2. The insulation resistance was measured with a 500 VDC megohmmeter applied to the same parts as those used for checkingthe dielectric strength.

## Engineering Data

- Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum Voltage


Electrical Durability (with Must Operate and Must Release Voltage) *1, *2


- Electrical Durability (Contact

Resistance) *1, *2


- External Magnetic Interference

- Ambient Temperature vs. Must Operate or Must Release Voltage


Electrical Durability (with Must Operate and Must Release Voltage)


- Electrical Durability (Contact

Resistance) *1, *2



Shock Malfunction
 directions three times each with and without energizing the Relays to check for contact malfunctions.
*1. The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
*2. The contact resistance data are periodically measured reference values and are not values from each monitoring operation. Contact resistance values will vary according to the switching frequency and operating environment, so be sure to check operation under the actual operating conditions before use.


- High-frequency Characteristics at $75 \Omega$ (Isolation) *1, *2

- High-frequency Characteristics at $50 \Omega$ (Isolation) *1, *2

- Must Operate and Must Release Time Distribution *1

High-frequency Characteristics at $75 \Omega$ (Insertion Loss) *1, *2


- High-frequency Characteristics at $50 \Omega$ (Insertion Loss) *1, *2

- Must Operate and Must Release Bounce Time Distribution *1

High-frequency Characteristics at $75 \Omega$ (Return Loss, V.SWR) *1, *2


High-frequency Characteristics at $50 \Omega$ (Return Loss, V.SWR) *1, *2



*1. The tests were conducted at an ambient temperature of $23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
*2. High-frequency characteristics depend on the PCB to which the Relay is mounted. Always check these characteristics, including endurance, in the actual machine before use.

## Dimensions

(Unit: mm)
-Models with PCB Terminals


G6Z-1PE-A G6ZU-1PE-A


Note. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Bottom View)

## G6Z-1PE-A



G6ZU-1PE-A


G6Z-1P
G6ZU-1P


Note. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$

PCB Mounting Holes (Bottom View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Bottom View)


G6ZU-1P


G6Z-1P-A G6ZU-1P-A


PCB Mounting Holes (Bottom View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections
(Bottom View)


G6ZU-1P-A


Note. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.


## G6ZK-1PE-A



РСВ Mounting Holes (Bottom View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


## Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections

 (Bottom View)

Note. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.

G6ZK-1P


PCB Mounting Holes (Bottom View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Bottom View)


G6ZK-1P-A

Z

PCB Mounting Holes (Bottom View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Bottom View)



Note. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
-Models with Surface-mounting Terminals


$$
\begin{gathered}
0.18 \\
\underset{~}{*}
\end{gathered}
$$


Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Note 2 . The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.


Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections
(Top View)


G6Z-1F
G6ZU-1F


Mounting Dimensions (Top View)
 Tolerance: $\pm \mathbf{0 . 1} \mathbf{~ m m}$


Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


G6Z-1F-A

G6ZU-1F-A



Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

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Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


G6ZK-1FE


Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$. Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


## G6ZK-1FE-A



Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


G6ZK-1F



Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2 . The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


G6ZK-1F-A
Mounting Dimensions (Top View) Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Note 1. Each value has a tolerance of $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Note 2. The coplanarity of the terminals is 0.1 mm max.

Mounting Dimensions (Top View)
Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$


Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)


## Tube Packing and Tape Packing

## (1) Tube Packing

- Relays in tube packing are arranged so that the orientation mark of each Relay in on the left side.
Be sure not to make mistakes in Relay orientation when mounting the Relay to the PCB.


Tube length: 530 mm (stopper not included)
No. of Relays per tube: 25 pcs
(2) Tape Packing (Surface-mounting Terminal Models)

- When ordering Relays in tape packing, add the prefix "-TR" to the model number, otherwise the Relays in tube packing will be provided.
Relays per Reel: 300 pcs
Minimum packing unit: 1 Reel (300 pcs)

1. Direction of Relay Insertion


## 2. Reel Dimensions



Enlarged view of $A$

## 3. Carrier Tape Dimensions




$G$
6
$Z$

Note. The radius of the unmarked corner is 0.3 mm .

## Recommended Soldering Method

-Temperature Conditions for IRS Method

- When using reflow soldering, ensure that the Relay terminals and the top of the case stay below the following curve. Check that these conditions are actually satisfied before soldering the terminals.


| Measured part | Preheating <br> (T1 $\rightarrow$ T2, t1) | Soldering <br> (T3, t2) | Maximum peak <br> (T4) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Terminals | $150 \rightarrow 180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, <br> 120 s max. | $230^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ min, <br> 30 s max. | $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |
| Top of case | - | - | $255^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |

- Do not quench the terminals after mounting. Clean the Relay using alcohol or water no hotter than $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max.
- The thickness of cream solder to be applied should be between 150 and $200 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ on OMRON's recommended PCB pattern.


Check the soldering in the actual mounting conditions before use.

## Precautions

- For general precautions on PCB Relays, refer to the precautions provided in General Information of the Relay Product Data Book.


## Correct Use

- High-frequency Characteristics Measurement Method and Measurement Substrate
- High-frequency characteristics for the G6Z are measured in the way shown below. Consult your OMRON representative for details on $50-\Omega$ models.
Measurement Method for 75- $\Omega$ Models


Through-hole Substrate ( $75-\Omega$ Models, E-shape or Y-shape)

SMD-type Substrate (75- $\Omega$ Models, E-shape or Y-shape)


Substrate for High-frequency Characteristic Compensation (75- $\Omega$ Models, E-shape or Y-shape)


## Substrate Types

Material: FR-4 glass epoxy (glass cloth impregnated with epoxy resin and copper laminated to its outer surface)
Thickness: 1.6 mm
Thickness of copper plating: $18 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
Note 1. The compensation substrate is used when measuring the Relay's insertion loss. The insertion loss is obtained by subtracting the measured value for the compensation substrate from the measured value with the Relay mounted to the high-frequency measurement substrate.
Note 2. For convenience, the diagrams of the high-frequency measurement substrates given here apply both to models with an E-shape terminal structure and to models with a Y-shape terminal structure.
Note 3. Be sure to mount a standoff tightly to the through-hole substrate.
Note 4. Use measuring devices, connectors, and substrates that are appropriate for $50 \Omega$ and $75 \Omega$ respectively.
Note 5. Ensure that there is no pattern under the Relay. Otherwise, the impedance may be adversely affected and the Relay may not be able to attain its full characteristics.

## -Handling

- Do not use the Relay if it has been dropped. Dropping the Relay may adversely affect its functionality.
- Protect the Relay from direct sunlight and keep the Relay under normal temperature, humidity, and pressure.
- Use the Relay as soon as possible after opening the moistureproof package. If the Relay is left for a long time after opening the moisture-proof package, the appearance may suffer and seal failure may occur after the solder mounting process. To store the Relay after opening the moisture-proof package, place it into the original package and sealed the package with adhesive tape.
- When washing the product after soldering the Relay to a PCB, use a water-based solvent or alcohol-based solvent, and keep the solvent temperature to less than $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Do not put the relay in a cold cleaning bath immediately after soldering.


## -Claw Securing Force During Automatic Mounting

- During automatic insertion of Relays, be sure to set the securing force of each claw to the following so that the Relay's characteristics will be maintained.


Secure the claws to the shaded area. Do not attach them to the center area or to only part of the Relay.

## -Latching Relay Mounting

- Make sure that the vibration or shock that is generated from other devices, such as Relays, on the same panel or substrate and imposed on the Latching Relay does not exceed the rated value, otherwise the set/reset status of the Latching Relay may be changed. The Latching Relay is reset before shipping. If excessive vibration or shock is imposed, however, the Latching Relay may be set accidentally. Be sure to apply a reset signal before use.


## -Coating

- Do not use silicone coating to coat the Relay when it is mounted to the PCB. Do not wash the PCB after the Relay is mounted using detergent containing silicone. Otherwise, the detergent may remain on the surface of the Relay.


## -Repeatability

- Contact your OMRON representative if the Relay will be used in an application that requires high repeatability in high-frequencycharacteristics for the microload region. (Such applications include testing and measurement equipment and ATE applications.)

[^2] equipment, and be sure to provide the system or equipment with double safety mechanisms.

Note: Do not use this document to operate the Unit.


[^0]:    Note. Please add the coil rated voltage (V) to the model number when ordering.
    Example: G6Z-1PE DC3
    In addition, the delivered product and its package will be marked with voltage specification as " $\square \square \mathrm{VDC}$ ".

[^1]:    Note. The above values are initial values

[^2]:    - Application examples provided in this document are for reference only. In actual applications, confirm equipment functions and safety before using the product.
    - Consult your OMRON representative before using the product under conditions which are not described in the manual or applying the product to nuclear control systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicles, combustion systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, safety equipment, and other systems or equipment that may have a serious influence on lives and property if used improperly. Make sure that the ratings and performance characteristics of the product provide a margin of safety for the system or

